

# Dover District Council Submission on Ward Patterns

6 April 2018

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### **Foreword**



# Nadeem Aziz Chief Executive

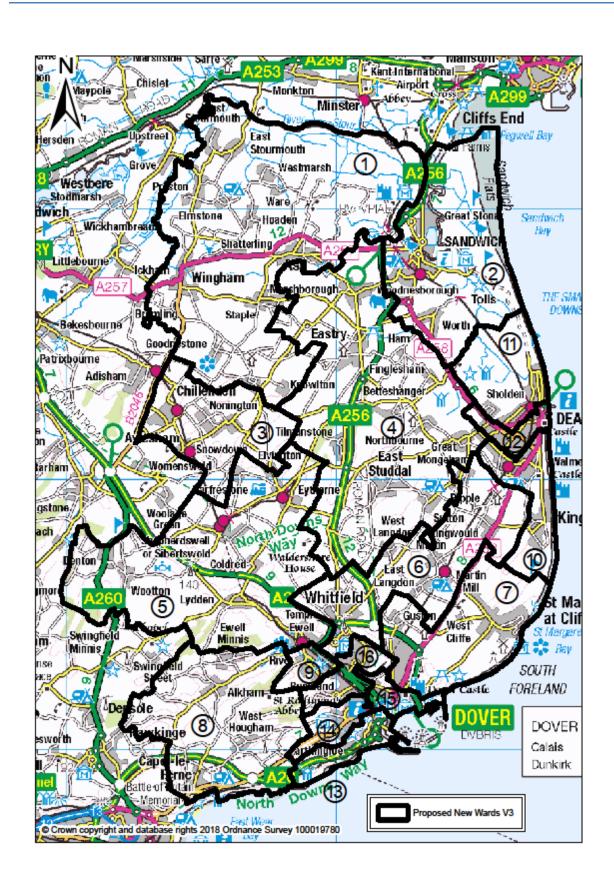
This document represents the formal response of Dover District Council to the invitation from the Local Government Boundary Commission for England (LGBCE) to submit ward pattern proposals to accommodate a future council size of 32 councillors. I was authorised to make this submission based on the proposed ward pattern agreed at the meeting of the Council held on 28 March 2018.

In developing these proposals the Council recognises that the LGBCE will weigh all submissions equally based on the evidence provided and acknowledges that there are a number of potentially valid ward pattern models that could be proposed. In developing its proposals the Council has sought to be consistent with the statutory criteria that inform the review process and the non-statutory guidance issued by the LGBCE. This submission has also, wherever practicable, used the parishes as the building blocks for rural wards and polling districts as the building blocks for urban wards.

I hope that the LGBCE will find the proposed ward pattern contained within this submission document to be useful in developing its draft recommendations and I look forward to the start of the next stage in the process on 5 June 2018.

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# Part 1 - Summary of Proposals



## Part 1 - Summary of Proposals

This submission represents Dover District Council's preferred pattern of wards for a council size of 32 councillors (a reduction of 13 from the current 45 councillors) that would be implemented with effect from the whole council elections to be held in May 2019.

The proposals contained within this submission are for a ward pattern of 16 wards (a reduction of 5 from the current 21) represented by 1, 2 or 3 members. The proposed pattern of wards is set out in detail in Part 3 of this document.

The table below summarises the proposals. The proposed ward pattern results in an electoral variance within +/-10% of the target average number of electors per councillor by 2023.

**Table 1: Proposed Ward Pattern Summary** 

Ward No.	Ward Name	Number of Clirs	Electorate 2017	Electorate 2023
1	Little Stour and Ashstone	2	5,544	6,060
2	Sandwich	2	4,795	5,737
3	Aylesham Rural	2	4,914	5,745
4	Eastry Rural	2	5,074	5,609
5	Coldred	2	5,017	5,408
6	Whitfield Rural	2	5,310	6,036
7	St Margaret's-at-Cliffe	1	2,708	2,842
8	Capel, Hougham and Alkham	1	2,694	2,925
9	River	1	3,128	3,042
10	Walmer and Kingsdown	3	8,650	8,804
11	North Deal and Sholden	3	8,618	8,743
12	South Deal and Castle	3	8,249	8,081
13	Pier and Priory	1	2,584	2,921
14	Maxton, Elms Vale and Tower Hamlets	2	6,065	6,150
15	Dover Central	2	5,943	6,256
16	St Radigund's and Buckland	3	7,837	8,520
· ·	Total:	32	87,130	92,879

### Part 2 – Development of Proposals

#### Introduction

The Local Government Boundary Commission for England (LGBCE) is currently undertaking an Electoral Review of the Dover District with a view to the new electoral arrangements being in place for the May 2019 full council elections. The review consists of 2 stages – council size and ward patterns.

The Council submitted its proposals for a council size of 32 councillors, a reduction of 13 councillors, following the extraordinary meeting of the full Council held on 6 December 2017. On 30 January 2018 the LGBCE announced that it was minded to recommend a council size of 32 councillors and launched the second stage of the review process with a public consultation inviting proposals for new warding arrangements for Dover District Council. The consultation runs from 30 January 2018 to 9 April 2018 and this document is Dover District Council's submission to the consultation.

In making this submission consideration has been given to the statutory criteria that apply to warding arrangements as well as future housing development and population growth. It also provides evidence of how the proposed warding arrangements reflect community identities by highlighting local linkages and any natural or man-made physical barriers that may mark the boundary between different communities.

#### **Statutory Criteria for Ward Patterns**

In designing a pattern of electoral wards the Council has been mindful that the Commission must balance its three statutory criteria and has tried to create wards that accordingly are consistent with these criteria. In summary, the criteria are as follows:

- (a) **Delivering Electoral Equality for Local Voters** Ensuring that each councillor represents roughly the same number of voters so that the value of each vote is the same regardless of where a voter within the district lives.
  - Based on the forecast electorate figures for 2023 published by the LGBCE, this would equate to an average target electorate of 2,902 per councillor.
- (b) Interests and Identities of Local Communities Establishing electoral arrangements which, as far as possible, avoid splitting local ties and where boundaries are easily identifiable.
  - The Council has considered physical barriers marking the boundary between different communities such as major roads, rivers or railway lines. It has also considered the placement of public facilities where appropriate, community identities (including where communities have or will spread across existing boundaries as a result of current or forecast housing growth) and community cohesion.

(c) Effective and Convenient Local Government – Ensuring that the wards can be represented effectively by their elected representative(s) and that the new electoral arrangements as a whole, including both the council size decision and the warding arrangements, allow the local authority to conduct its business effectively.

In creating the new ward patterns consideration has been given to several areas including:

- the geographic size of each proposed ward;
- levels of deprivation of each proposed ward;
- the additional workload that each proposed ward might generate through matters such as attending parish council meetings.

In developing these proposals the Council has also been mindful of ensuring that appropriate levels of electoral equality are achieved not just for the 2023 electorate but also for the 2017 electorate in order to ensure that there are no significant electoral imbalances for 2019 full Council elections.

This submission has attempted to address each of these concerns on a ward-by-ward basis later in this document.

#### **Electoral Forecasting**

#### What happens if no change is made to ward patterns?

On the basis of a council size of 45 members with the current pattern of wards, the forecast electorate growth for the next six years would result in significant electoral imbalances of +/-20% or greater in the wards of Aylesham(+21%), Ringwould(-23%) and Whitfield(+20%). Additionally, 7 other wards would have electoral imbalances of (+/-) 10-19% by 2023.

The case for a council size of 32 members was made by the Council in its previous submission on the future size of Dover District Council. If a council size of 32 members was applied to the existing ward patterns it would result in 18 wards with electoral imbalances of +/-20% and 3 wards with electoral imbalances between (+/-) 10-19%. As a consequence, in order to meet the requirement for 'Delivering Electoral Equality for Local Voters' it is necessary to draw a new pattern of wards.

#### Summary of Factors Considered

As part of the electoral review process the LGBCE required that the Council provide the electorate figures for December 2017 and produce a six-year forecast for the electorate to 2023. The methodology for these forecasts is set out in detail in guidance 'Electorate Forecasts – A Guide for Practitioners' produced by the LGBCE. A number of factors need to be considered when producing these forecasts, including migration in/out of and within the district, demographic change, household sizes, the location and scale of new developments,

Local Government Boundary Commission for England, October 2011, <a href="http://s3-eu-west-2.amazonaws.com/lgbce/">http://s3-eu-west-2.amazonaws.com/lgbce/</a> data/assets/pdf file/0019/25552/Electorate-Forecasts-Guidance.pdf

household occupancy levels and the degree to which these changes in population are reflected in local electorate levels.

This information was gathered from a number of sources including the Office of National Statistics (ONS) for higher level population forecasts and the Council's Regeneration Delivery team for forecasts of housing growth based on sites with planning permission and those allocated within the Local Plan. Overall, a cautious approach to forecasting development has been adopted in an attempt to avoid unrealistic forecasts that could result in significant electoral imbalances being created over time.

As at 1 December 2017, the electorate was 87,130 with an estimated electorate of 92,879 by 2023. This electoral growth is not forecast to be consistent across the whole district and the electorate for some areas is forecast to remain static or slightly decline over the next six years reflecting demographic and other factors. As part of the forecasting methodology consideration was given to the previous six years and whether changes to the electorate at a polling district level could be attributed to housing growth or demographic change.

Since 2012, the district has seen significant housing growth in the Aylesham, Middle Deal & Sholden and Whitfield wards. The main areas of forecast housing growth over the next six years are Aylesham and Whitfield as the housing developments underway in each of these areas continue to be delivered. In addition to this housing growth as a driver for electorate growth is also forecast for Ash, Deal, Dover and Sandwich.

In designing a pattern of wards the forecast electorate for 2023 has been used for the purposes of achieving electoral equality. However, secondary consideration has also been given to the 2017 electorate figures in order to avoid the creation of short term areas of electoral inequality wherever possible. This also provides for a solid foundation from which to work in the event that there is any delay in the phasing of forecast housing growth.

The target average electorate per councillor for 2017 and 2023 is based on the published current and forecast electorate. This is calculated by dividing the district electorates for 2017 and forecast for 2023 by the number of proposed councillors as follows:

Table 2: Average Number of Electors per Councillor

	2017	2023
Electorate for Dover District	87,130	92,879
Number of Councillors	32	32
Average Number of Electors per Councillor	2,723	2,902

This is then multiplied by two or three to achieve the target average number of electors per councillor for two or three member wards respectively.

Table 3: Target Average Number of Electors per Councillor

Year	1 Member Ward	2 Member Ward	3 Member Ward
2023	2,902	5,805	8,707
2017	2,723	5,446	8,168

While every effort has been made to achieve an electoral equality for each ward as close to the above figures as possible, in practical terms this is not often possible due to the requirements to preserve the interests and identities of local communities and provide for effective and convenient local government. However, all the proposed wards are within +/-10% by 2023.

Table 4: Electoral Variance for Multi-Member Wards

	2017			2023		
	1 Cllr	2 Cllr	3 Cllr	1 Cllr	2 Cllr	3 Cllr
10% Fewer Electors	2,451	4,901	7,352	2,612	5,224	7,837
Perfect Electoral Equality	2,723	5,446	8,168	2,902	5,805	8,707
10% More Electors	2,995	5,990	8,985	3,193	6,385	9,578

The electorate figures used in designing the pattern of wards that are proposed in this submission is based on the 'electorate forecast' published on the LGBCE website.<sup>2</sup>

#### Windfall Developments

In addition, during the preparation of this submission the Council has watched for any potential 'windfall' developments. A 'windfall development' is unforeseen by the Local Plan and for which no planning application had been approved at the time that the electoral forecast for 2023 was calculated. No applications for windfall developments have been approved during the period February/March 2018 that affect the Council's six year dwelling forecast figures.

#### Conclusion

In summary, while electoral forecasting is in the words of the LGBCE an 'inexact science' every effort has been undertaken to ensure that the forecasting is as reliable as it is possible to be. The use of the existing polling districts as the basic building blocks for the new ward pattern has been adopted wherever possible, as they are small enough to allow for the design of new wards while large enough to allow for greater accuracy in forecasting the electorate for 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LGBCE Website Dover Review - <a href="https://www.lgbce.org.uk/current-reviews/south-east/kent/dover">https://www.lgbce.org.uk/current-reviews/south-east/kent/dover</a>

#### Warding Pattern and Local Communities

The warding pattern is based on a council size of 32 members with each councillor representing an average of 2,902 electors. The proposed warding pattern is for 16 wards, a reduction from the current 21 wards. While this decrease has required significant changes to the pattern of wards, one ward (Little Stour and Ashstone) has remained unchanged in terms of its geographical area although the number of councillors it returns has been reduced by one (from 3 to 2 councillors).

#### Coterminosity

In developing these proposals we have been mindful of the impact that changing ward patterns may have on coterminosity between district and county boundaries. While this is not one of the three statutory requirements in itself it does have a bearing on the requirement to promote effective and convenient local government.

There are five Kent County Council Divisions and in the Council's proposed ward pattern there will be 4 of the 16 wards that are not coterminous with the existing county divisions.

Table 5: Coterminosity of Proposed Ward Pattern with County Divisions

KCC Division	Proposed DDC Wards
Deal and Walmer	<ul> <li>Walmer and Kingsdown*</li> <li>North Deal and Sholden</li> <li>South Deal and Castle</li> </ul>
Dover North	<ul> <li>Aylesham Rural*</li> <li>Eastry Rural*</li> <li>St Margaret's-at-Cliffe</li> <li>Walmer and Kingsdown*</li> <li>Whitfield Rural*</li> </ul>
Dover Town	<ul> <li>River</li> <li>Pier and Priory</li> <li>Maxton, Elms Vale and Tower Hamlets</li> <li>Dover Central</li> <li>St Radigund's and Buckland</li> </ul>
Dover West	<ul> <li>Aylesham Rural*</li> <li>Capel, Hougham and Alkham</li> <li>Coldred</li> <li>Whitfield Rural*</li> </ul>
Sandwich	<ul> <li>Eastry Rural*</li> <li>Little Stour and Ashstone</li> <li>Sandwich</li> </ul>

<sup>(\*)</sup> indicates that this proposed ward is not coterminous with the county division.

The 4 proposed non-coterminus wards are in summary as follows:

Table 6: Coterminosity with Parish Councils

Proposed District Ward	<b>County Division</b>	Parish Council (Polling District)
Aylesham Rural	Dover North	Aylesham (PAY) Nonington (PNN)
	Dover West	Proposed Parish Ward of Elvington (PEX3)
Eastry Rural	Sandwich	Eastry (PEA) Woodnesborough (TWN)
	Dover North	Great Mongeham (PGM) Northbourne (PNR) Tilmanstone (PTI) Sutton (PSU)
Walmer & Kingsdown	Deal & Walmer	Walmer (AA1-AA3) Mill Hill, North (AC2)
	Dover North	Kingsdown (PRK)
Whitfield Rural	Dover North	Langdon (PLG) Ringwould (PRG) Ripple (PRP)
	Dover West	Whitfield (PWH/PWT)

As demonstrated in the table above, in each of the four proposed wards the area that is outside the 'main' county division for the ward is geographically contained within the area of a parish council or in the case of the proposals for Aylesham, a parish ward. This should provide clarity for the district member as to who is the appropriate county member for the respective parts of their wards by ensuring that coterminosity is maintained along clearly identifiable electoral lines (i.e. parish boundary or polling district boundary) even if those lines are not in all places the district ward boundary.

In respect of parish and district ward coterminosity, the proposals set out in this document provide for coterminosity with three exceptions as follows:

- Elvington (the creation of a third parish ward for Eythorne Parish Council which is currently warded as (a) Eythorne and (b) Barfrestone)
- Kingsdown (the parish of Kingsdown with Ringwould is currently divided into two polling districts and this would be used as the dividing line)
- Walmer (the parish of Walmer is currently not wholly contained within the Walmer Ward and this would remain the case under the proposed ward pattern)

It is assumed that the changes to the ward patterns for Dover and the area within the parish of Deal would be adjusted where possible to be coterminous with the new district wards. This would reflect the current coterminosity in warding arrangements for Dover and Deal.

#### Detached and 'Doughnut' Wards

The proposed ward pattern does not include any 'doughnut' wards (wards wholly enclosed within the area of a second ward) or detached wards (wards made up of two or more geographically separate areas).

#### Rurality

In drawing up these ward pattern proposals, and recognising the lack of any legislative provision for differing electoral arrangements between rural and urban areas, the three statutory criteria have been applied equally to urban and rural areas.

The proposed ward pattern arrangements have three predominantly urban wards where the electoral variance in 2017 is greater than +/-10% of the target average number of electors per councillor. However, in all three cases (Maxton, Elms Vale and Tower Hamlets, River and Sandwich) this is forecast to correct by 2023.

#### Single Member Wards v Multi-Member Wards

In designing a ward pattern the case for all single member wards against a mix of multimember wards was given consideration but ultimately rejected in favour of the best solutions for community identity and electoral equality.

Table 7: Case for Single Member and Multi-Member Ward

	Single Member Wards	Multi-Member Wards
Advantages	<ul> <li>Offers direct accountability to constituents with a single point of contact</li> <li>A ward pattern entirely composed of single member wards would provide for greater consistency in electoral equality.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Greater resilience in the case of a member being unavailable</li> <li>Able to share workloads with other ward members</li> <li>Allow members to support and mentor new members in the ward</li> </ul>
Disadvantages	<ul> <li>Little resilience in the circumstances of a member being unavailable (i.e. through absence or conflict of interest)</li> <li>Unable to share workload with other ward members</li> </ul>	Multi-Member Wards can generate larger caseloads for individual members if not spread equally.

The proposed ward pattern would create 12 multi-member wards and 4 single member wards. Of the 4 single member wards, 2 are rural wards (Capel, Hougham and Alkham; and St Margaret's-at-Cliffe) and 2 are urban (River; and Pier and Priory).

Table 8: Number of Councillors per Ward

Number of Councillors per ward	Current Ward Pattern	Proposed Ward Pattern
One	5	4
Two	8	8
Three	8	4
Total	21	16

#### Ward Names

In developing proposals for the names of the wards in the new ward pattern the Council has been mindful of the guidance provided by the LGBCE that "when wards or divisions remain largely unchanged, the existing name should usually be retained."

To that end, four of the proposed wards (Little Stour and Ashstone, River, Sandwich and St Margaret's-at-Cliffe) remain unchanged and three of the proposed wards (Aylesham Rural, Eastry Rural and Whitfield Rural) have had the suffix 'rural' added to the existing ward name in recognition of the enlarged rural area that has now been included within the ward.

As part of the proposed ward pattern set out in Part 3 of this document, the rationale for the name of each ward is included with the details of the new ward.

#### **How did the Council Develop its Proposed Ward Pattern?**

#### (a) Initial Proposals

An officer project group led by the Director of Governance was formed to develop an initial set of proposals for a new ward pattern that were submitted to a meeting of the Electoral Matters Committee held on 1 March 2018.<sup>4</sup>

These proposals were developed using the current ward patterns as the basic template and in a way that was felt to be consistent with the three statutory criteria.

The resultant proposals were for a ward pattern based on 17 wards, a reduction from the current 21, using a pattern of 1 and 2 member wards with a single 3 member ward for part of urban Dover. The proposals would require changes to the warding arrangements for Eythorne Parish Council (through the creation of a third parish

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> LGBCE, 'Electoral Reviews – Technical Guidance', April 2014, <a href="http://s3-eu-west-2.amazonaws.com/lgbce/">http://s3-eu-west-2.amazonaws.com/lgbce/</a> data/assets/pdf\_file/0006/10410/techincal-guidance-2014.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Electoral Matters Committee, 1 March 2018, Dover District Council, http://moderngov.dover.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=174&Mld=2901

ward) and also changes to Deal Town Council and Dover Town Council to deliver coterminous parish wards with the district ward boundaries.

In summary, the ward pattern proposals (version 1) were as follows:

Table 9: Initial Ward Pattern Proposals

Ward	Ward Name	No. of	Electorate	Electorate
No.		Clirs	2017	2018
1	Little Stour and Ashstone	2	5,544	6,060
2	Sandwich	2	4,795	5,737
3	Aylesham Rural	2	4,914	5,745
4	Eastry Rural	2	5,383	5,767
5	Ewell and Sibertswold	2	5,017	5,408
6	Whitfield Rural	2	5,333	6,116
7	Kingsdown Rural	1	2,567	2,608
8	Capel-le-Ferne and River	2	5,822	5,967
9	St Margaret's-at-Cliffe	1	2,708	2,842
10	Walmer	2	5,843	6,023
11	Deal Coastal	2	5,761	5,568
12	Middle Deal	2	5,291	5,529
13	Mill Hill	2	5,723	5,662
14	St Radigund's	3	8,038	8,970
15	Town and Castle	2	5,879	6,354
16	Maxton and Elms Vale	1	2,983	2,986
17	Buckland	2	5,529	5,537
		32	87,130	92,879

#### (b) Electoral Matters Committee

The Council's five member Electoral Matters Committee met on 1 March 2018 to consider the proposed ward pattern that had been developed by officers.

At that meeting, officers were asked to develop revised proposals (consistent with the three statutory criteria) that amended the proposals for Dover and Deal with some consequential impact on the surrounding rural wards for Deal based on the following:

- Creation of a North Deal and Sholden Ward (this delinked Sholden from the proposed Eastry Rural Ward) that contained the northern polling districts in Deal (AB1 Middle Deal, Manor; AB3 Middle Deal, Upper; AD1 North Deal, Sandown; and AD2 North Deal, St Andrew's)
- Creation of a Walmer and Kingsdown Ward (this delinked Kingsdown from the proposed Kingsdown Rural Ward) and included the polling district AC3 (Mill Hill, West) which bordered Walmer railway station.
- The merger of the remains of the Kingsdown Rural Ward with the Eastry Rural Ward (polling districts PEA, TWN, PGM, PNR, PTI, PRG and PRP).
- The creation of a new ward covering the central part of Dover based on polling district BD (Castle Ward); the polling district BH2 (Tower Hamlets, East); part of the polling district BF (Priory); and part of the polling district BC2 (Buckland, South).

- The creation of a new Dover ward containing the entirety of the existing St Radigund's Ward (polling districts BG1 and BG2) with the remaining parts of the existing Buckland Ward (polling district BC1 and part of polling district BC2).
- The creation of a new Dover ward based on polling district BE (Maxton and Elms Vale); polling district BH1 (Tower Hamlets, West); and part of polling district BF (Priory).
- The creation of a new Dover ward based on the entirety of the existing Town and Pier Ward (polling districts BJ1 and BJ2) with a part of polling district BF(Priory).
- The separation of the proposed 2 member Capel and River Ward (polling districts PRV, PCF, PHM and PAK) into two single member wards as follows River (polling district PRV) and Capel, Hougham and Alkham (PCF, PHM and PAK).

Alternative proposals were moved by members of the Labour Group on the committee but were not adopted.

#### (c) Revised Proposals

Following the Electoral Matters Committee, officers sought to design a new ward pattern (version 2) based on the requested changes whilst still being consistent with the three statutory criteria.

#### Eastry Rural Ward

As a result of this work, a change was made to the revised Eastry Rural Ward and the originally proposed Whitfield Ward to tackle the potential issues around community identity and connectivity resulting from the inverted 'Y' shape of the Eastry Rural Ward caused by the parish of Sutton (polling district PSU) which was part of the proposed Whitfield Rural Ward occupying the open part of the 'Y' shape.

Table 10: Eastry Rural Proposals

Proposed Ward	Electoral Matters Committee	Version 2 Proposal	
vvaru	Polling Districts	Polling Districts	
Eastry Rural	PEA, TWN, PGM, PNR, PTI, PRG, PRP	PEA, TWN, PGM, PNR, PTI, PSU	
Whitfield Rural	PWH, PWT, PLG, PSU	PWH, PWT, PLG, PRP, PRP	

#### Deal

The inclusion of Kingsdown and Sholden with urban Deal Wards was made using the existing polling districts as building blocks subject to the amendment to polling district AA4 (Walmer, St Saviour's) contained within the original officer proposals.

#### Dover

The changes to the proposed Dover Wards required amendments to polling districts BF (Priory), BH1 (Tower Hamlets, West) and BC2 (Buckland, South). These changes were made taking into consideration topographical, community and electoral equality considerations. The other changes were made using the remaining polling districts as building blocks.

#### (d) Council - 28 March 2018

The revised proposals submitted to the full Council on 28 March 2018 were ultimately adopted as the submission of the full Council subject to a number of changes to ward names as set out below.

Table 11: Changes arising from Council

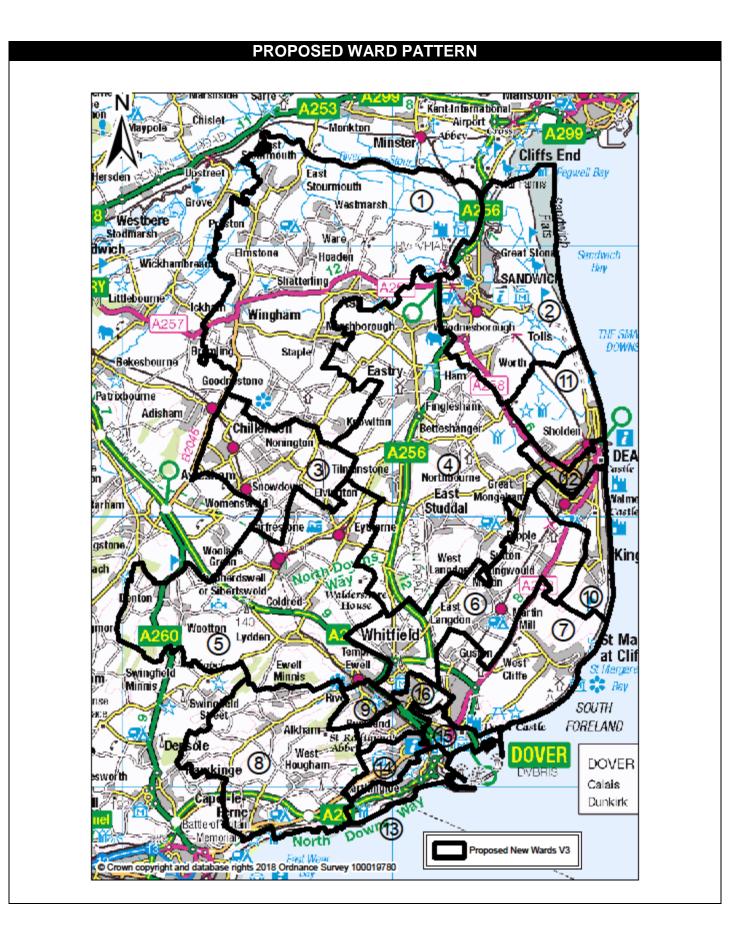
Proposed Ward Name	Ward Name Agreed by Council
Ewell and Sibertswold	Coldred
Dover Town	Dover Central
Walmer with Kingsdown	Walmer and Kingsdown
North Deal with Sholden	North Deal and Sholden
Middle Deal	South Deal and Castle

In summary, the reason for these changes was as follows:

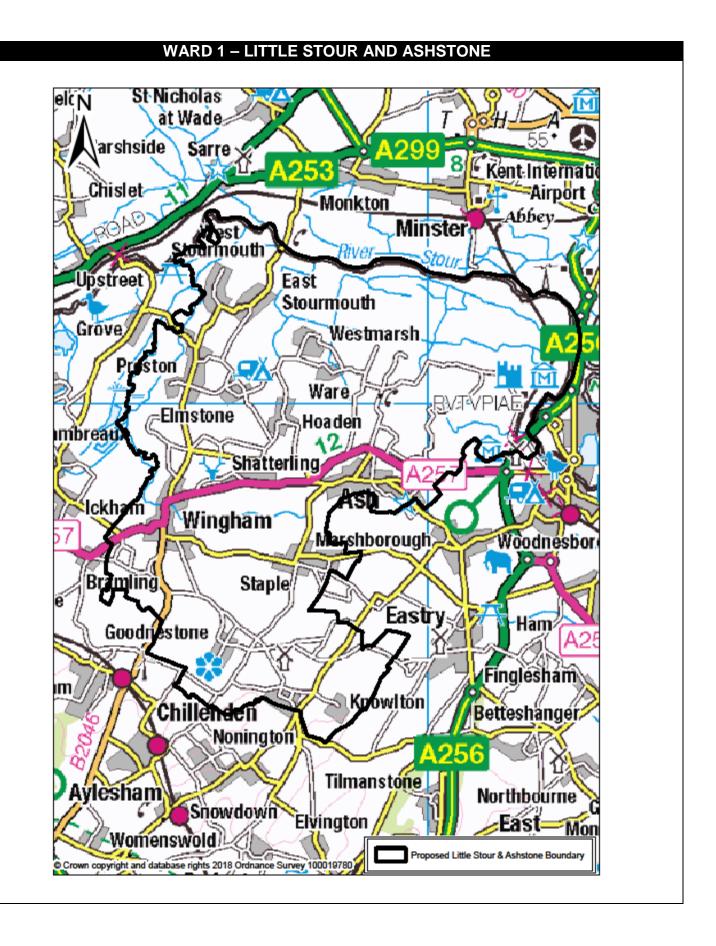
- The 'Dover Town' name was changed to 'Dover Central' to avoid confusion with the name of the County Division of Dover Town.
- The name 'Coldred' was chosen over 'Ewell and Sibertswold' as it is the name of a small community in the centre of the area of the proposed ward.
- The change of the name 'Middle Deal' to 'South Deal and Castle' reflects the changes to the configuration of the wards covering the area of the town of Deal.
- The replacement of 'with' by 'and' to indicate equal status for the named areas.

The ward pattern proposals agreed by the Council are set out in detail in the next section of this document.

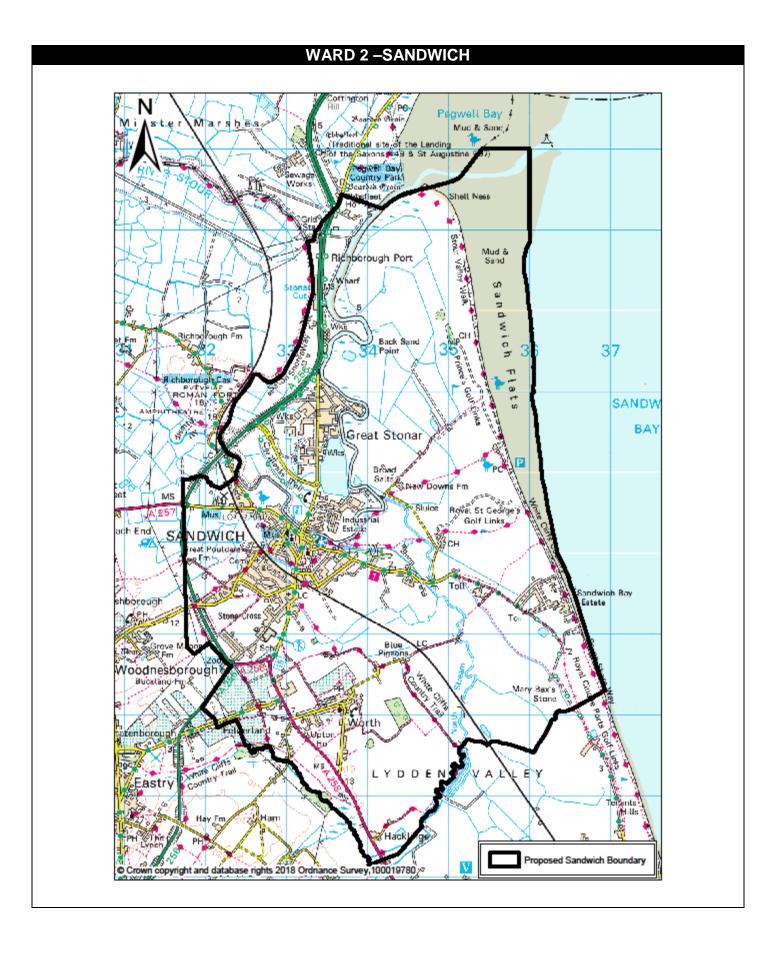
# Part 3 – Proposed Ward Pattern



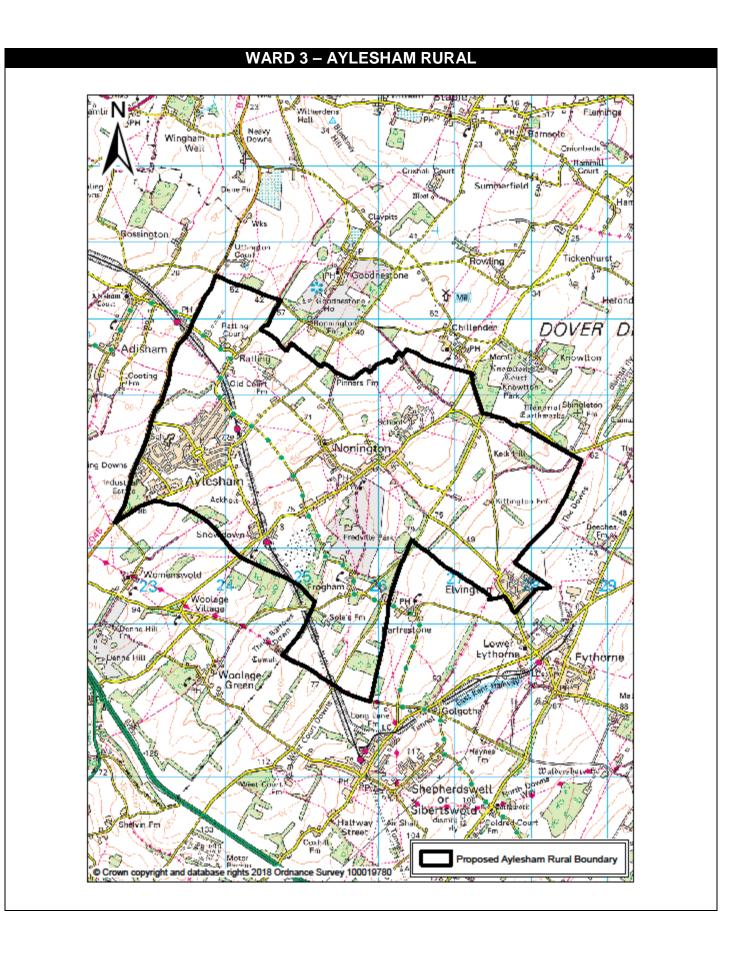
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10	Walmer and Kingsdown	3	8,650	8,804					
11	North Deal and Sholden	3	8,618	8,743					
12	South Deal and Castle	3	8,249	8,081					
13	Pier and Priory	1	2,584	2,921					
14	Maxton, Elms Vale and Tower Hamlets	2	6,065	6,150					
15	Dover Central	2	5,943	6,256					
16	St Radigund's and Buckland	3	7,837	8,520					
		32	87,130	92,879					



	WARD <sup>*</sup>	I – LITTLE S	STOUR & ASH	STONE			
Ward Name:	Little Stour & Ashstone						
Number of Councillors:	2						
Forecast Electorate (2023):	6,060	6,060			oral Variance (2023):	+4.4%	
Current Electorate (2017):	5,544			Electo	oral Variance (2017):		+1.8%
Polling Districts:	TAS TGD	TPR	TSP	TST	TWG		
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Ash Parish Cour</li> </ul>	ncil		•	Staple Parish Coun	cil	
	<ul> <li>Goodnestone Pa</li> </ul>	arish Council		•	Stourmouth Parish	Council	
	<ul> <li>Preston Parish 0</li> </ul>	Council		•	Wingham Parish Co	ouncil	
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes						
County Division:	<ul> <li>Sandwich Division</li> </ul>	on					
Rationale:	<ul> <li>This preserves the current Little Stour and Ashstone Ward boundaries by reducing the number of councillors from 3 to 2.</li> <li>The Ward borders the administrative areas of Thanet District Council to the north and Canterbury City Council to the West.</li> <li>There are good road links within the ward connecting the six parish areas.</li> <li>This is one of only two wards that remain unchanged in terms of area covered.</li> </ul>						
Name Rationale:	In keeping with the technical guidance issued by the LGBCE where a ward remains largely unchanged the existing ward name has been retained.						

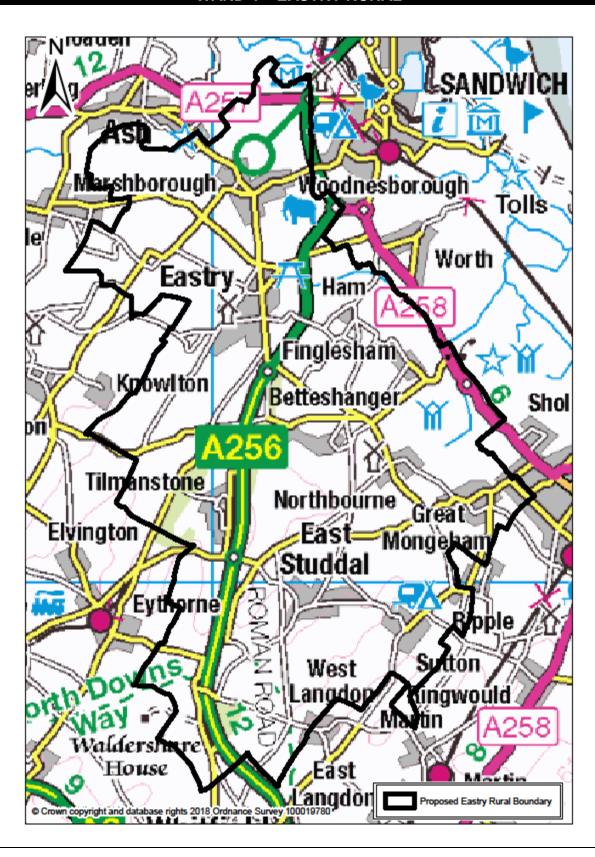


	WARD 2 - SANDWICH	
Ward Name:	Sandwich	
Number of Councillors:	2	
Forecast Electorate (2023):	5,737	Electoral Variance (2023): -1.2%
Current Electorate (2017):	4,795	Electoral Variance (2017): -11.9%
Polling Districts:	TSA TSB TWR	
Parish Council(s):	Sandwich Town Council	Worth Parish Council
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes	
County Division:	Sandwich	
Rationale:	<ul> <li>(Sandwich South), TWN (Woodnesborough) a 2 member ward and too small for a 3 member removal of the Woodnesborough polling district Woodnesborough Parish Council ensures that 5,805 for a 2 member ward.</li> <li>This ward is one of two wards, the other being than target electoral variance for 2017. However growth this will correct within the next 6 years.</li> <li>The A258 Deal Road links the communities of Sandwich to the Sandwich Bay Estate.</li> </ul>	Sandwich and Worth and the Guilford Road links
Name Rationale:	In keeping with the technical guidance issued by the Lexisting ward name has been retained.	_GBCE where a ward remains largely unchanged the

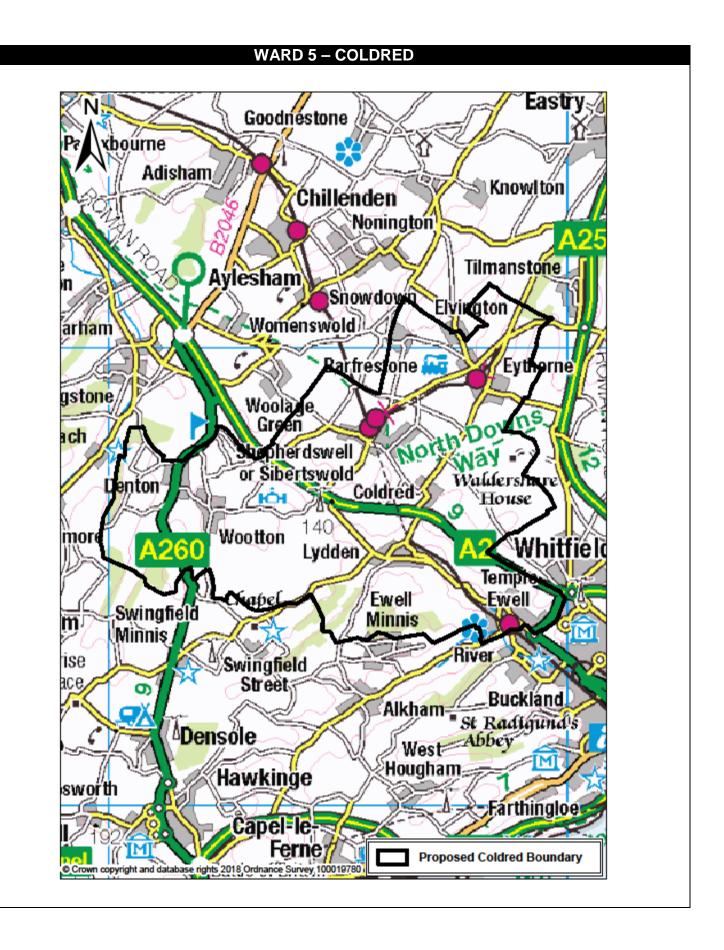


	WARD 3 – AYLESHAM RURAI	L					
Ward Name:	Aylesham Rural						
Number of Councillors:	2						
Forecast Electorate (2023):	5,745	Electoral Variance (2023):	-1.0%				
Current Electorate (2017):	4,914	Electoral Variance (2017):	-9.8%				
Polling Districts:	PAY PNN PEX3 *NEW*						
Parish Council(s):	Aylesham Parish Council	<ul> <li>Nonington Parish Council</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Eythorne Parish Council (Partial - PEX3 only)</li> </ul>						
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	<ul> <li>Yes - Aylesham and Nonington</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>No – Elvington (the proposal requires the creations)</li> </ul>	ation of a new parish ward)					
County Division:	Dover North	<ul> <li>Dover West (PEX3 area)</li> </ul>					
Street Changes:	AMENDMENT:						
	The creation of the parish ward of Elvington (referred the Eythorne Parish Council area would incorporate t  Adelaide Road (no's 1-51 consecutive & 52-92 evens)) - 75 dwellings total  Ash Grove  Beech Drive  Cherry Grove	<ul> <li>Chaucer Road</li> <li>Poplation</li> <li>Fairview Road</li> <li>Cypress Grove</li> <li>Milner Close</li> <li>Milner Road</li> <li>Sweet</li> </ul>	ar Drive n Road				
Rationale:	<ul> <li>The Aylesham Ward as currently configured of polling districts PAY and PNN is too large for a 1 member ward and too small for a 2 member ward. The addition of the village of Elvington through the creation of a new parish ward within the parish of Eythorne will provide for electoral equality. This would fulfil the requirement that a parish ward is wholly within a single district ward.</li> <li>This ward is one of two wards (the other being the Sandwich Ward, that have a slightly larger than target electoral variance. However, based on the forecast electorate and dwellings growth this will correct within the next 6 years. The current Aylesham housing development provides a strong degree of confidence that this will be delivered within the next 6 years.</li> <li>The villages of Aylesham and Elvington share a strong affinity through their heritage as mining communities (as also was the village of Snowdown located within the polling district PAY) and are connected by road through the village of Nonington.</li> </ul>						
Name Rationale:	In keeping with the technical guidance issued by the existing ward name has been retained. However, in the suffix 'rural' has been incorporated into the proposition.	ecognition of the villages of Nonington an					

#### **WARD 4 – EASTRY RURAL**



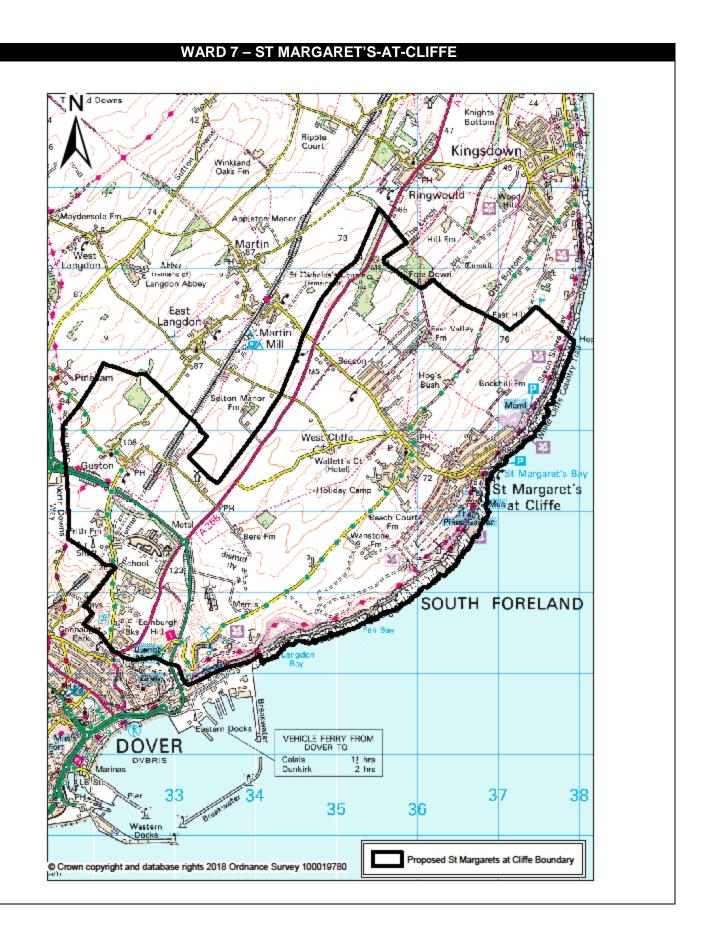
		WA	ARD 4 – EAST	RY RURAL				
Ward Name:	Eastry Rura							
Number of Councillors:	2							
Forecast Electorate (2023):	5,609				Electoral Va	riance (2023):	•	-3.4%
Current Electorate (2017):	5,074				Electoral Va	riance (2017):	•	-6.8%
Polling Districts:	PEA	TWN	PGM	PNR	PTI	PSU		
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Great</li> </ul>	Great Mongeham Parish Council     Tilma					ncil n Council Parish Counci	I
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes							
County Division:	• Dove	er North (PGM	, PNR, PTI &	PSU)	• Sand	lwich (PEA &	TWN)	
Rationale:	and a 2,00	<ul> <li>The Eastry Rural Ward is made up of a number of rural parishes that are linked in part by the A256 and a series of country lanes. The hub of the ward is the village of Eastry with a population of nearly 2,000 electors surrounded by a number of smaller rural wards with populations ranging from nearly 1,000 to just over 300.</li> </ul>						
Name Rationale:		ontains elemen e ward and the			The use off th	ne name East	ry Rural reflec	ts the rural



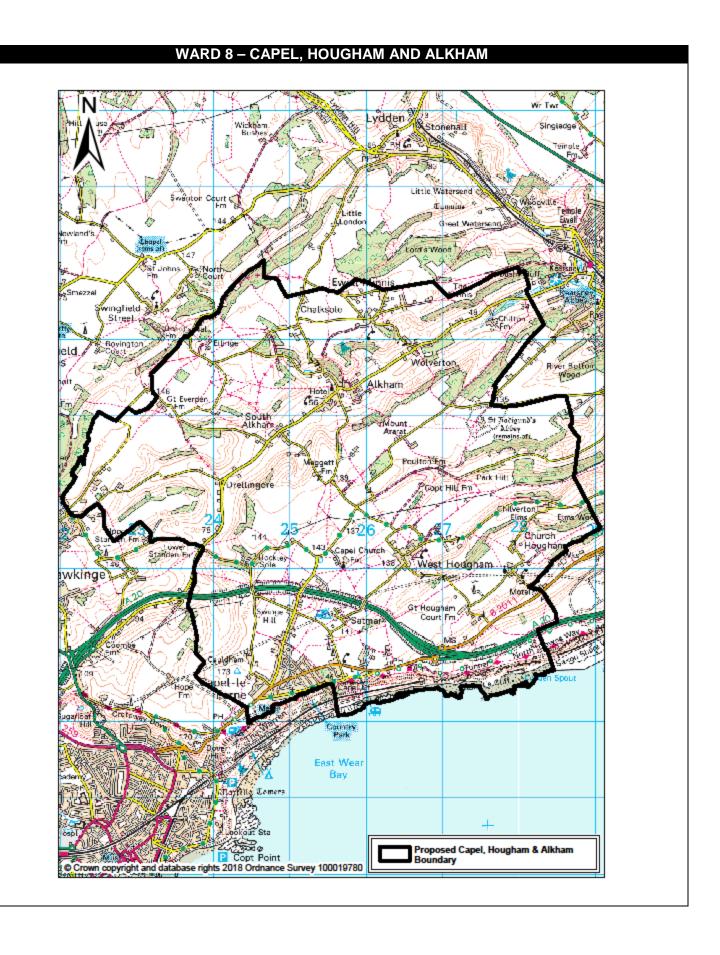
	WARD 5 – COLDRED					
Ward Name:	Coldred					
Number of Councillors:	2					
Forecast Electorate (2023):	5,408	Electoral Variance (2023):	-6.8%			
Current Electorate (2017):	5,017	Electoral Variance (2017):	-7.9%			
Polling Districts:	PDD PDW PEX1* PEX2	PLN PSL1 PSL2	PTE			
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Denton-with-Wootton Parish Council</li> <li>Eythorne Parish Council (Partial – excludes Elvington)</li> </ul>					
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes					
County Division:	Dover West					
Street Changes:	(*) AMENDMENT:					
	The creation of the parish ward of Elvington (referred the Eythorne Parish Council area would be included vertically in the following streets from the polling district Adalasida Band (regard 4.54 sangagestive 2.55)	within the Aylesham Rural Ward and resuct PEX1 and transferred to the Aylesham	It in the Ward:			
	Adelaide Road (no's 1-51 consecutive & 52-		Grove			
	92 evens)) - 75 dwellings total  • Ash Grove	* *	ar Drive			
			nan Way			
			ohn's Road			
	Cherry Grove		etbriar Lane			
Dationale	The original intention had been to combine the true		ace Road			
Rationale:	The original intention had been to combine the two e & Shepherdswell wholly without alteration. However, Aylesham Ward meant that the removal of the village Ward was necessary (see the rationale for the Aylesh	the need to avert a significant electoral v ge of Elvington from the Eythorne and S nam Rural Ward for more detail).	ariance in the shepherdswell			
Name Rationale:	This ward is composed of the existing Lydden and Eythorne and Shepherdswell Ward (excluding Elv guidance on ward names, there is a preference for names attempting to reference all the parishes encoron 28 March 2018 rejected the original proposal to not from the Old English word for river source or spring Coldred, which is the name of a small community in motte and bailey Coldred Castle. Other ward names of Ewell and Shepherdswell;  Temple Ewell and Shepherdswell;  Eythorne and Temple Ewell;	rington). In accordance with the LGBC short names as opposed to exhaustive impassed by the ward. The Council at its ame the ward 'Ewell and Sibertswold' (Even in this case the River Dour) in favour the centre of the ward and is the site of	E's technical sly descriptive meeting held well is derived of the name the medieval			

### WARD 6 - WHITFIELD RURAL etteshänger/ Sholden ilmanstóne Northbourne Great) Eastgton Mongeham Studdal Eythorne West Langdog aldershare\ House Eást Wartin Ľangdòn Mill Whitfield Templo Gust West Ewell Cliffe rer SOL Buckland **FOREI** Dover Castle Radiquids bbev ghts 2018 Ordnance Survey 100019780

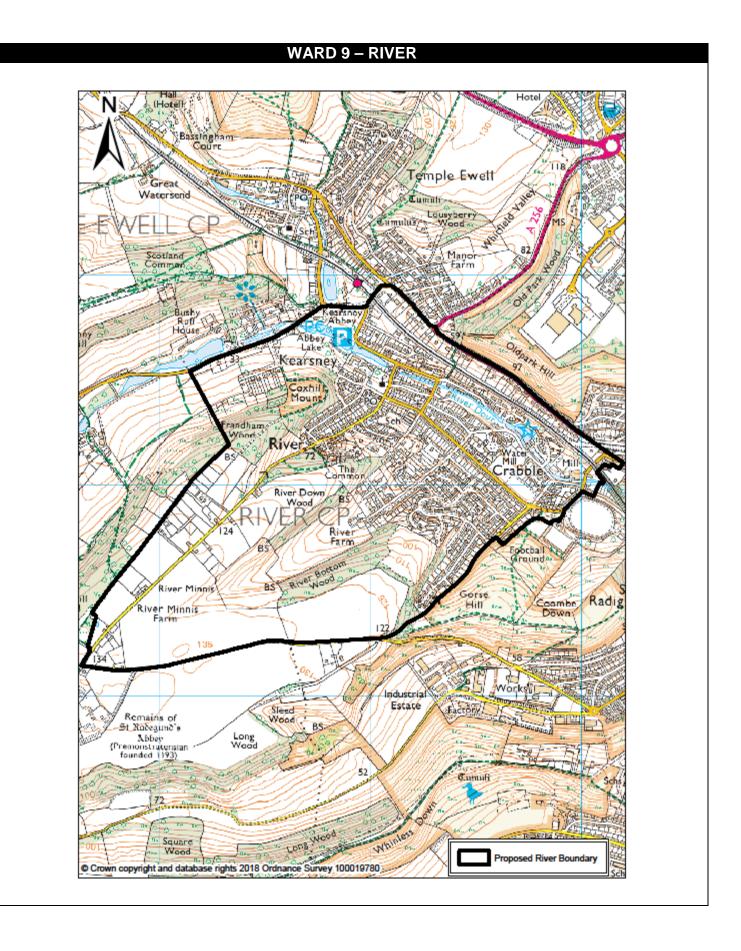
		WA	RD 6 – WHIT	FIELD RURAL	_			
Ward Name:	Whitfield I	Rural						
Number of Councillors:	2							
Forecast Electorate (2023):	6,036				Electoral Va	riance (2023):		+4.0%
Current Electorate (2017):	5,310				Electoral Va	riance (2017):		-2.1%
Polling Districts:	PWH	PWT	PLG	PRG	PRP			
Parish Council(s):	• La	ngdon Parish C	ouncil		<ul> <li>Rippl</li> </ul>	le Parish Coun	cil	
	Ringwould-with-Kingsdown Parish Council     (Partial)     Whitfield Parish Council							
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Ye	es – Whitfield, La	angdon, Ripp	ole				
	• No	– Ringwould-w	ith-Kingsdov	vn (Partial)				
County Division:	• Do	over North (PLG	, PRG & PR	P)	• Dove	er West (PWH	& PWT)	
Rationale:	The rural part of the ward is on the North Downs and is characterised by rolling countryside linked by a network of country lanes, bridleways and footpaths providing strong links between the rural wards.							
	The parish of Ringwould-with-Kingsdown has been split with the polling district PRG (Ringwould) forming part of the Whitfield Rural Ward and polling district PRK (Kingsdown) forming part of the Walmer with Kingsdown Ward. This will necessitate the warding of the current Ringwould-with-Kingsdown Parish Council.							
Name Rationale:		e reflects the larg al parts of the wa		on centre which	n is forecast to	grow further a	nd provide st	ronger links



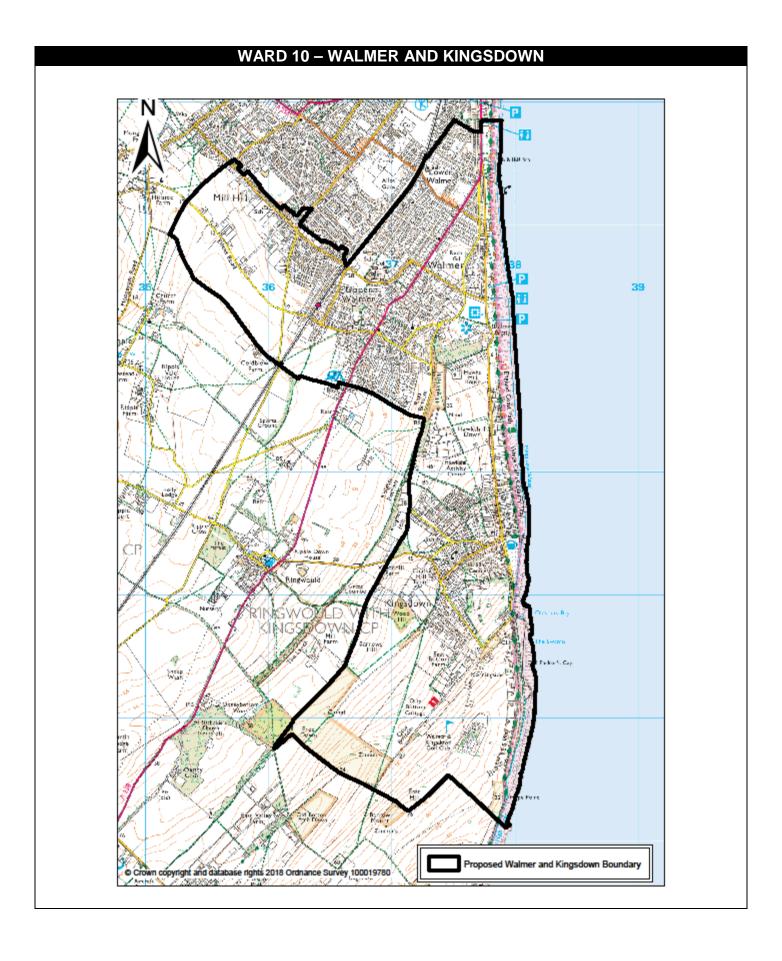
	WARD 7 – S	ST MARGARET'S-AT-CL	_IFFE	
Ward Name:	St Margaret's-at-Cliffe			
Number of Councillors:	1			
Forecast Electorate (2023):	2,842		Electoral Variance (2023):	-2.1%
Current Electorate (2017):	2,708		Electoral Variance (2017):	-0.5%
Polling Districts:	PSM PGS			
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>St Margaret's-at-Cliffe</li> </ul>	e Parish Council	<ul> <li>Guston Parish Coun</li> </ul>	cil
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes			
County Division:	Dover North			
Rationale:	along the coastline from east	of Dover to west of King t moving the small inland	hite Cliffs which dominates thi gsdown. This proposed ward p d villages of East and West La	reserves the existing
Name Rationale:	St Margaret's-at-Cliffe is the name.	largest community within	the proposed ward and it ma	intains the existing ward



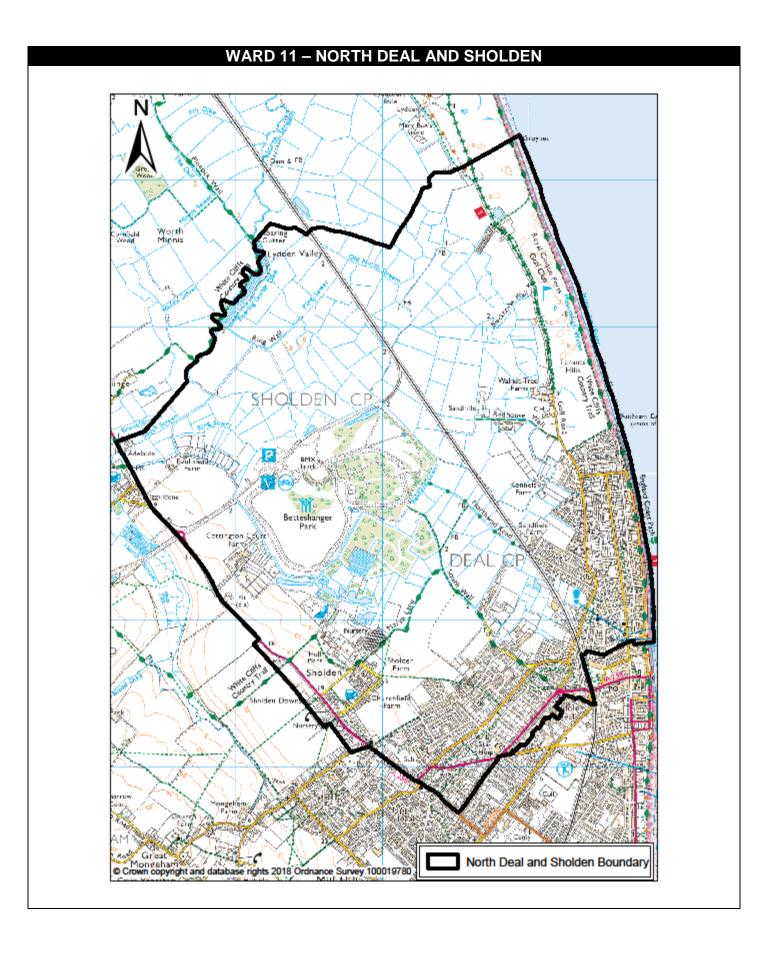
	WARD 8 – CAPEL, HOUGHAM AND A	LKHAM					
Ward Name:	Capel, Hougham and Alkham						
Number of Councillors:	1						
Forecast Electorate (2023):	2,925	Electoral Variance (2023):	+0.8%				
Current Electorate (2017):	2,694	Electoral Variance (2017):	-1.1%				
Polling Districts:	PCF PAK PHM						
Parish Council(s):	Alkham Parish Council	<ul> <li>Hougham Without Parish Cour</li> </ul>	ncil				
	Capel-le-Ferne Parish Council						
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes						
County Division:	Dover West						
Rationale:	<ul> <li>In creating this ward consideration was initially given to creating this ward as a two seat ward linked with River (PRV). This was rejected for the following reasons: (a) that River is a more urban area and is within the Dover Town Division for Kent County Council and although there are connecting roads between Alkham and River the nature of the two settlements is completely different; and (b) the three polling districts are all very rural in character and is very much a self-contained area in the south west of the district.</li> </ul>						
Name Rationale:	The name reflects the three largest communities in the	e area of the proposed ward.					



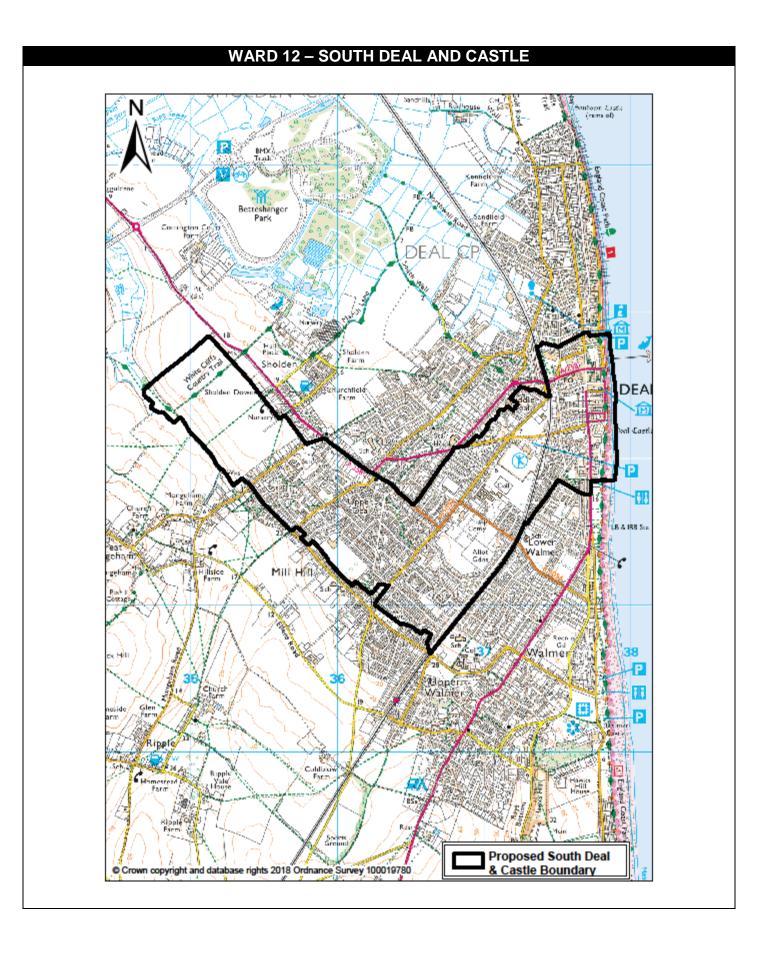
				WARD	9 – RIVE	R					
Ward Name:	River										
Number of Councillors:	1										
Forecast Electorate (2023):	3,042						Electoral V	/arianc	e (2023):	•	+4.8%
Current Electorate (2017):	3,128						Electoral V	/arianc	e (2017):		+14.9%
Polling Districts:	PRV										
Parish Council(s):	•	River Parish	Council								
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	•	Yes									
County Division:	•	Dover Town									
Rationale:	•	with Capel-le River is a me County Counthe two settle le-Ferne and The small reserved elector housing grownumbers over	e-Ferne ore urbancil and ements in Hougha duction ates avanth over er the proper or the proper than	(PCF), An area a although is compleam With in the elailable or the nexections s	Alkham (Found is demond there are tely different from ectorate in the LGE to six years.	PAK) and strated by e connected the connecte	Hougham V y its inclusion eting roads be ere is no ma compared to site. These for this torical compared to the site.	Vithout on within between jor road o 2017 forecas hanges	(PHM). on the Down Alkham dinetwork reflects to take in elected.	This was rejected and River the linking through the forecast parts account express and how the forete and how the forete and how the link was account the link was rejected and how the link was rejected and how the link was rejected and link was reje	ugh to Capel- olling district xpected using
Name Rationale:		ing with the ward name				by the L	.GBCE whei	re a wa	rd remai	ns largely un	changed the



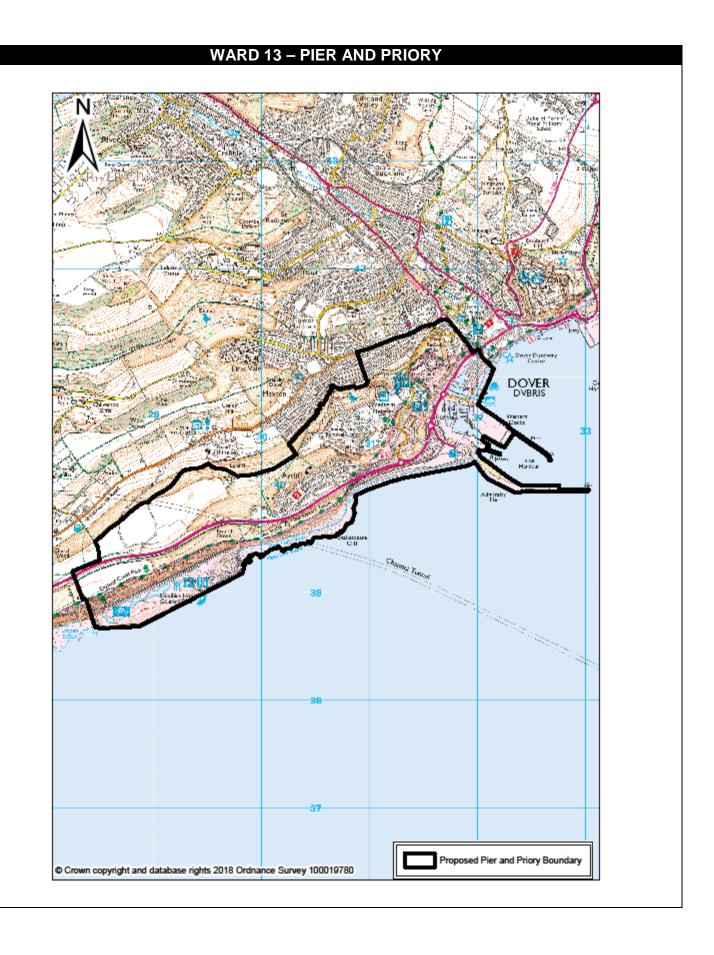
	WARD 10 – WALME	ER AND KINGSDO	OWN	
Ward Name:	Walmer and Kingsdown			
Number of Councillors:	3			
Forecast Electorate (2023):	8,804		Electoral Variance (2023):	+1.1%
Current Electorate (2017):	8,650		Electoral Variance (2017):	+5.9%
Polling Districts:	AA1 AA2 A	AA3*AMENDED*	AC2 PRK	
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Walmer Parish Council</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ringwo</li> </ul>	ould-with-Kingsdown Parish Council (F	Partial)
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Yes			
County Division:	<ul> <li>Dover North (PRK)</li> </ul>		Deal and Walmer (AA1-3, AC2)	
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTRIC  The parish of Walmer is currently ward AA2, AA3 and AA4. However, the AA4 part of the Walmer Parish Council.  It is proposed that the following streets district AA3 to polling district AA4 to form  North Barrack Road  51-68 The Strand including Adm Beachlands Court  59-105 Gladstone Road  Cheriton Place	ded into 4 separate 4 polling district is be removed from to m part of the propo	currently part of the North Deal War  the current Walmer Ward and transfer bed new South Deal and Castle Ward  Cheriton Road  York Road (68-70 consecut  2-24 Marine Road and inclut House & Clanwilliam House	rred from polling d as follows:  tive and a cottage) uding The Coach e
Rationale:		veen the two the co	rough to Kingsdown at the foot of the i ommunities and urban development h	
Name Rationale:	The name reflects the two largest commodifications of the commodification of the commodific	nunities and is ofte	en used locally such as with the Walm	er and Kingsdown



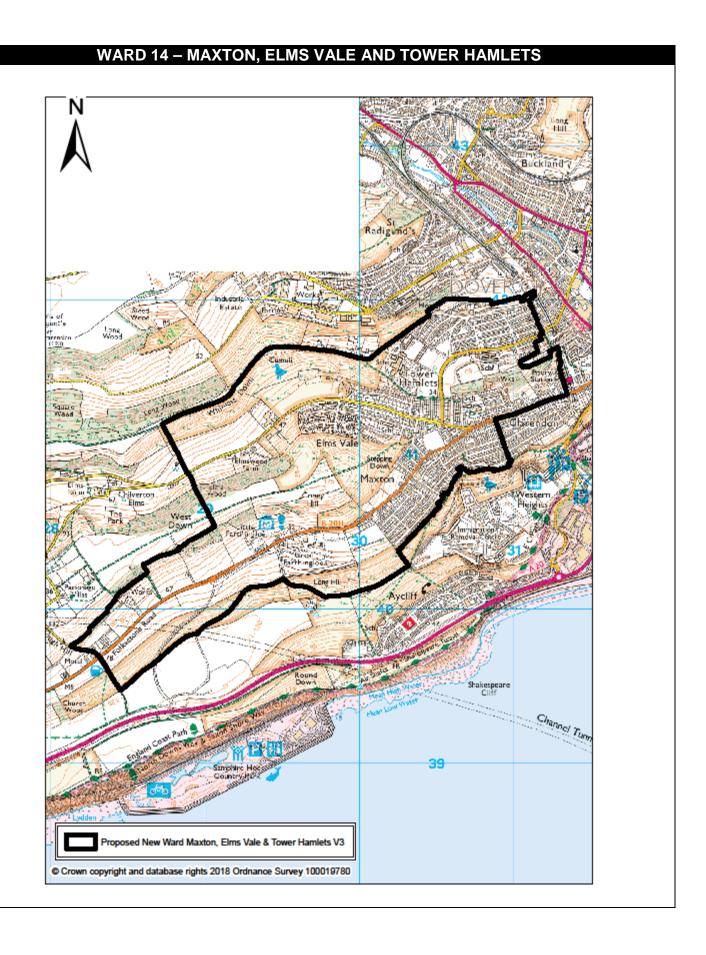
		WARD 11 -	- NORTH D	EAL AND S	HOL	DEN		
Ward Name:	North De	eal and Sholden						
Number of Councillors:	3							
Forecast Electorate (2023):	8,743					Electoral Variance	(2023):	+0.4%
Current Electorate (2017):	8,618					Electoral Variance	(2017):	+5.5%
Polling Districts:	PSH	AB1	AB3	AD	1	AD2		
Parish Council(s):	• [	eal Town Council		• Sh	olden	Parish Council		
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• Y	'es						
County Division:	• [	eal and Walmer						
Rationale:	d   la   •   lt   s	evelopment links tharge and mainly rura was originally prop tronger community tronger road links b	e communital in charact osed to inclidentity with etween Dea	ies of Sholder the urbar ude Sholde north Deal I and Shold	en ar part with than en. T	place with the potenting north Deal. Although of the parish borders in the Eastry Rural Walth the rural parisher his proposal also allowed the rest of the parent of the p	gh Sholden P north Deal. /ard however s to the west ows for better	rarish Council is ; there is a much and there are
Name Rationale:						h Deal Ward or the Morth Deal and the pari		



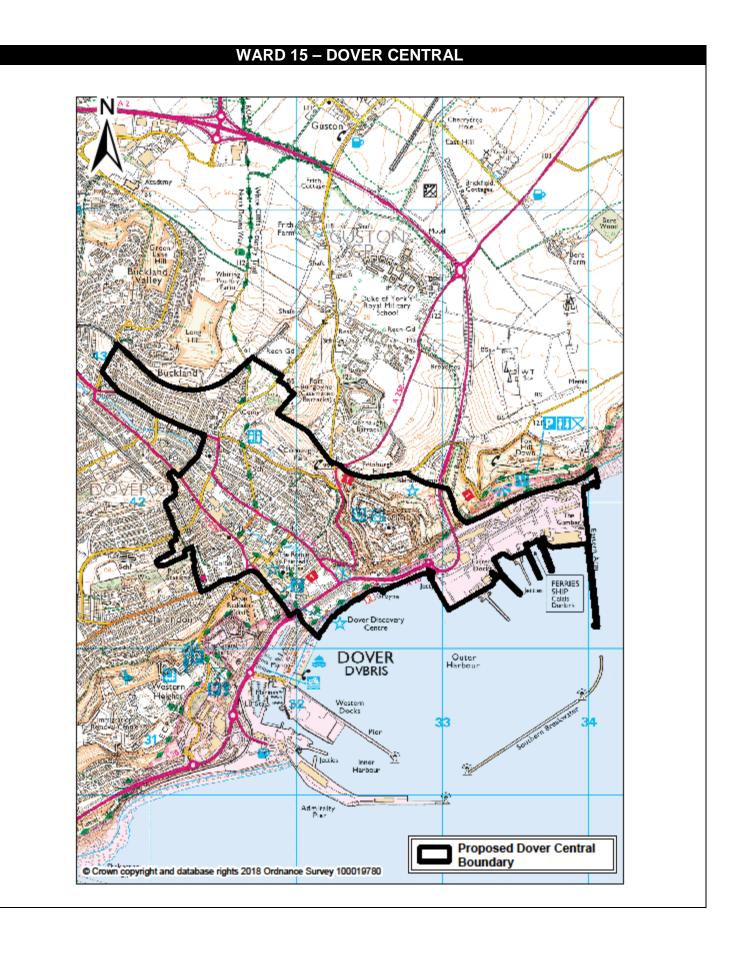
	WARD 12 - SOUTH	DEAL AND CA	STLE		
Ward Name:	South Deal and Castle				
Number of Councillors:	3				
Forecast Electorate (2023):	8,081		Electoral Variance (2023):		-7.2%
Current Electorate (2017):	8,249		Electoral Variance (2017):		+1.0%
Polling Districts:	AA4 * AMENDED*	.B2	AC1 AC3	AD3	
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Deal Town Council (Partial)</li> </ul>		Walmer Parish Council	(Partial)	
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	<ul> <li>No. However, this was also the</li> </ul>	e case with the	current North Deal and Walr	ner Wards	
County Division:	<ul> <li>Deal and Walmer</li> </ul>				
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTR	ICT AA4*			
Rationale:	AA1, AA2, AA3 and AA4. However, though it is part of the Walmer Parish  It is proposed that the following street polling district AA3 to polling district A  North Barrack Road  51-68 The Strand including Ac Beachlands Court  59-105 Gladstone Road  Cheriton Place  The urban centre of Deal is broad	Council.  s be removed fr A4 to form part  dmiralty Mews &	om the current Walmer War of the proposed new South	d and transfe Deal and Cas consecutive a and including am House	rred from tile Ward: and a cottage) The Coach
ranonaic.	<ul> <li>between the five polling distriction area and the iconic Deal Pier.</li> <li>The small reduction in the election in the election area available on the housing growth over the next sover the previous six years.</li> </ul>	ts and they have ctorate for 2023 the LGBCE web six years and th	e a similar urban identity inc compared to 2017 reflects to site. These forecasts take in e historical changes in electe	luding the ma he forecast po nto account ex orate and hou	olling district epected using numbers
Name Rationale:	The name South Deal recalls a defundation as well as being geographically indicated and Deal which surround Deal Castle Other ward names considered and replans and was rejected by the Council	itive of areas ind jected include 'N	cluded. Castle embraces tho  Middle Deal' which was used	se streets in l	both Walmer



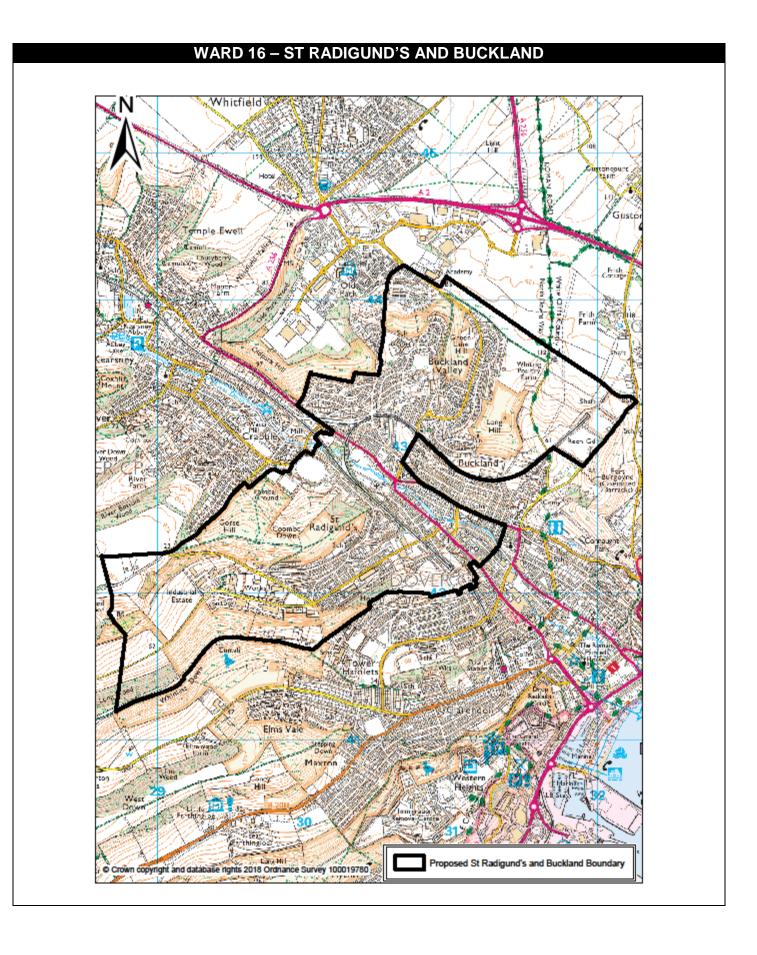
	WARD 13 – PIER AND PRIORY						
Ward Name:	Pier and Priory						
Number of Councillors:	1						
Forecast Electorate (2023):	2,921	Electoral Variance (2023):	+0.6%				
Current Electorate (2017):	2,584	Electoral Variance (2017):	-5.1%				
Polling Districts:	BJ1 BJ2 BF *AMENDED*						
Parish Council(s):	Dover Town Council						
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• No						
County Division:	Dover Town						
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTRICT BF*						
	The following streets from polling district BF (Priory) will form part of this ward:						
	Birchwood Rise	<ul> <li>Folkestone Road (37-201 odds)</li> </ul>					
	Belgrave Road	<ul> <li>Malvern Road</li> </ul>					
	Clarendon Place	North Military Road					
	Clarendon Road	St John's Road					
	Clarendon Street	<ul> <li>St Martins Gardens</li> </ul>					
Rationale:	<ul> <li>The Western Heights dominates this ward and</li> </ul>						
	Clarendon nestle around the Heights. The curr						
	the proposed ward already includes a small part of central Dover and this has been extended to						
	include the Clarendon area which was part of the old (pre-2003) Priory Ward.						
	<ul> <li>The ward contains part of coastal Dover including the Western Docks and the Admiralty and Prince of Wales Piers.</li> </ul>						
Name Rationale:	The name reflects the Pier area and the heritage of the	e old Priory Ward.					



	WARD 14 – MAXTON, ELMS VALE AND TO	OWER HAMLETS
Ward Name:	Maxton, Elms Vale and Tower Hamlets	
Number of Councillors:	2	
Forecast Electorate (2023):	6,150	Electoral Variance (2023): +5.9%
Current Electorate (2017):	6,065	Electoral Variance (2017): +11.4%
Polling Districts:	BE BH1 *AMENDI	ED* BF *AMENDED*
Parish Council(s):	Dover Town Council	
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• No	
County Division:	Dover Town	
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTRICT BF*	
	The following streets from polling district BF (Priory)	
	Eaton Road	Underdown Road
	Elms Vale Road	Vale View Road
	Folkestone Road (excluding 37-201 odds)	Westbury Crescent
	Longfield Road	Westbury Road
	Monins Road	Winchelsea Road
	North Street	Winchelsea Street
	Percival Terrace	Winchelsea Terrace
0, , 0	St John's Road     *AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTRICT BH1*	
Street Changes:		er Hamlets West) have been deleted from this ward and
	East Street	<ul> <li>Tower Street (1-3)</li> </ul>
	Priory Hill	<ul> <li>West Street</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>St Bartholomews Close</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Widred Road (6-54 evens, Cedar House,</li> </ul>
	The Abbotts	Beech House, Aspen House & Stevens
	<ul> <li>Tower Hamlets Road (30, 40-52 consecutive</li> </ul>	e) House)
Rationale:	common identities as communities. The topo that separate communities within Dover. How valley with good connectivity.	directly connected by a main road and share a number of ography of Dover consists of a number of hills and valleys wever, this proposed ward is predominantly within one rity of the Folkestone Road into a single ward.
Name Rationale:		proposed ward covers and maintains the names of the



	WARD IS	5 – DOVER CENTRAL					
Ward Name:	Dover Central						
Number of Councillors:	2						
Forecast Electorate (2023):	6,256		Electoral Variance (2023)	<b>+7.8%</b>			
Current Electorate (2017):	5,943		Electoral Variance (2017)	: +9.1%			
Polling Districts:	BD BC2 * AMENI	DED* BH2	BF *AMENDED*	BH1 *AMENDED*			
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Dover Town Council</li> </ul>						
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• No						
County Division:	<ul> <li>Dover Town</li> </ul>						
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING D The following streets from polling		form part of this ward:				
	Biggin Street	Pencester Road		kon Street			
	<ul> <li>Effingham Crescent</li> </ul>	Priory Hill (51-53)	3) • Prid	ory Station Approach Road			
	Effingham Street     Priory Place		• Prid	ory Gate Road			
	High Street     Priory Road						
	<ul> <li>Norman Street</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Priory Street</li> </ul>					
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING DISTRICT BH1*						
	The following streets from polling district BH1 (Tower Hamlets West) will form part of this ward:						
	<ul> <li>East Street</li> <li>Tower Hamlets Road (30, 40-52 consecutive)</li> </ul>						
	<ul><li>Priory Hill</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Tower Street (1-</li> </ul>	-3)				
	<ul> <li>St Bartholomews Close</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>West Street</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>The Abbotts</li> </ul>		-54 evens, Cedar House, B	seech House, Aspen			
		House & Steven	s House)				
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLING D						
	The following streets from polling	<u> </u>		CUANI			
	Astley Avenue	Maresfield Close		fitt Way			
	Barton Road	Mayfield Avenue		tland Road			
	Danes Court	Mayfield Garder	-	ingfield Road			
	Evison Close	Minerva Avenue     Nighting and December		nhope Road			
Detionale	Heathfield Avenue	Nightingale Roa					
Rationale:	With the development of St James and the Old Town as the new town centre and the linear nature of the rest of the commercial centre of Dever there is considerable retionals in creating a single word that						
	the rest of the commercial centre of Dover there is considerable rationale in creating a single ward that represents these interests. The ward also includes Dover Priory Station with its high speed link to						
	London.	is. THE ward also include	3 DOVEL FIIOLY STATIOLI WITH	ns night speed link to			
		rbations that span the two	o major roads that access t	he town from the North			
Name Rationale:	The name reflects that this prop			13 110 110			



	WARD 16 – 9	ST RADIGUND'S AND BUCK	KLAND		
Ward Name:	St Radigund's and Bucklar	nd			
Number of Councillors:	3				
Forecast Electorate (2023):	8,520		Electoral Variance (2023	3): -2.2%	%
Current Electorate (2017):	7,837		Electoral Variance (2017	'): -4.19	%
Polling Districts:	BG1	BG2	BC1	BC2 * AMENDED*	r
Parish Council(s):	<ul> <li>Dover Town Counc</li> </ul>	il			
Based on Parish Boundary(s)?	• No				
County Division:	Dover Town				
Street Changes:	*AMENDMENT TO POLLI	NG DISTRICT BC2*			
Rationale:	<ul> <li>Brookfield Avenue</li> <li>Brookfield Road</li> <li>Brunswick Gardens</li> <li>Buckland Avenue (</li> <li>Carlsden Close</li> <li>Crabble Hill</li> <li>Dodd's Lane</li> <li>St Radigund's and</li> </ul>	1-49 odds)  Buckland straddle the major ron identities as communities.	Glenfield Road     Mangers Lane     Mangers Place     Old Park Hill     Old Park Road     Pioneer Road     Whitfield Avenueroad that accesses the town	e n from the North and	
Name Rationale:		reflects that the area the prop	oosed ward covers and mai	ntains the names of	the